**Printed Page:- 03** Subject Code:- ABT0401 Roll. No: NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA (An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow) **B.Tech** SEM: IV - THEORY EXAMINATION (2023 - 2024) **Subject: Fermentation Engineering Time: 3 Hours** Max. Marks: 100 **General Instructions: IMP:** *Verify that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.* 1. This Question paper comprises of three Sections -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice *Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.* 2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question. 3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary. 4. Assume suitable data if necessary. 5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order. 6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked. 20 **SECTION-A** 1. Attempt all parts:-1-a. While constructing the fermenter, which of the following is not required? (CO1) 1 High-speed Agitation and Aeration system (a) Temperature control system (b) pH control system (c) Sample facilities (d) 1-b. Which of the following process proceeds with having a rich fermentation broth 1 and high oxygen concentration? (CO1) Submerged fermentation (a) Surface fermentation (b) Solid state fermentation (c) **Batch** fermentation (d) Which of the following does not have the property of production of secondary 1 1-c. metabolites? (CO2) Filamentous fungi (a) Filamentous bacteria (b) (c) Sporing bacteria Enterobacteria (d) 1

- 1-d. Which of the following is not a product of fermentation? (CO2)
  - (a) Oxygen

	(b)	Carbon dioxide	
	(c)	Ethanol	
	(d)	Lactate	
1-e.	In case of transcription which is the rate limiting step? (CO3)		1
	(a)	Binding of RNA polymerase	
	(b)	Unwinding of DNA duplex	
	(c)	Promoter escape	
	(d)	Formation of the open complex	
1-f.	What do you mean by "Nutrient repression"? (CO3)		1
	(a)	Inhibition of unwanted enzyme production	
	(b)	Production of unwanted enzymes	
	(c)	Inhibition of cell nutrients	
	(d)	Production of waste	
1-g.	The puffed up appearance of dough of idli and dosa is due to (CO4)		1
	(a)	Fermentation	
	(b)	Carbon Dioxide	
	(c)	Both A and B	
	(d)	High Temperature	
1-h.	The varieties of cheese are not known by their (CO4)		1
	(a)	Characteristic texture, flavor, taste	
	(b)	Characteristic texture, flavor	
	(c)	Specificity coming from microbes used	
	(d)	Characteristic shape texture	
1-i.	In	Penicillium chrysogenum, the maximum antibiotic production occurs during the	1
		(CO5)	
	(a)	The second phase	
	(b)	The third phase	
	(c)	First phase	
	(d)	In all three phases	
1-j.	А	ntibiotics are used to treat infections by (CO5)	1
	(a)	Virus	
	(b)	Bacteria	
	(c)	All of the microorganisms	
	(d)	None of the above	
2. Att	empt a	all parts:-	
2.a.	D	iscuss the role of microbiology in fermentation engineering. (CO1)	2
2.b.		That should be the basic points of consideration while designing a symmetry (CO2)	2

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## Page 2 of 3

2.c.	What do you understand by carbon catabolite repression. (CO3)	2		
2.c. 2.d.	Comment on the applications of cell culture (CO4)	2		
2.u. 2.e.	Write two properties of penicilin. (CO5)	2		
		2 30		
3. Answer any <u>five</u> of the following:-				
3-a.	Explain any three physical methods of sterilization process used in controlling microbial growth. (CO1)	6		
3-b.	Discuss the interaction between biochemical engineering, microbiology and biochemistry in fermentation process. (CO1)	6		
3-с.	Diagramatically explain fed batch fermention process and also give its disadvantages. (CO2)	6		
3-d.	How continuous fermentation process is different from fed batch process. (CO2)	6		
3.e.	Discuss the significance of crabtree effect. (CO3)	6		
3.f.	What are fermented foods and write its beneficial aspects. (CO4)	6		
3.g.	Briefly describe the lysine production by fermentation process. (CO5)	6		
<b>SECTION</b>	<u>ON-C</u>	50		
4. Answ	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-			
4-a.	Explain upstream, midstream and downstream process in fermentation. (CO1)	10		
4-b.	Write the principle of fermentation and differentiate between solid state and submerged state fermentation. (CO1)	10		
5. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-				
5-a.	Differentiate between chemostat and turbidostat with suitable diagrams. (CO2)	10		
5-b.	Explain continous fermentation process with its disadvantages and advantages. (CO2)	10		
6. Answ	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-			
6-a.	Describe case of enzyme induction involving the enzymes of lactose degradation in <i>E. coli</i> . (CO3)	10		
6-b.	Write short notes on following: (a) catabolism (b) Anabolism (CO3)	10		
7. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-				
7-a.	Differentiate between Carbon catabolite repression and Crabtree effect. (CO4)	10		
7-b.	Write short notes on following: (a) Mushroom cultivation (b) Soya sauce fermentation (CO4)	10		
8. Answ	ver any <u>one</u> of the following:-			
8-a.	Explain the industrial production of beta lactum antibiotics. (CO5)	10		
8-b.	Describe the industrial production of acetone and give its two uses. (CO5)	10		

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